



# **User Manual**

Temperature and Humidity Sensor **THS Sensor 52 12DC RS485**  The **THS SENSOR 52 12DC RS485** is an air temperature and humidity sensor with serial communication interface RS485 for transmitting measured values to a master device. It can be used in computer controlled measurement systems or as a peripheral device to a large-size LED display, which displays the measured values.



## **Technical Specifications**

Sensor type	Sensirion SHT31-DIS	
Temperature range	-40 °C to +80 °C	
Typical temperature accuracy	±0,3 °C (±0,2 °C for T>0 °C)	
Relative humidity range	0 to 100 % RH	
Typical relative humidity accuracy	±2 % RH	
Communication interface	RS485 (without galvanic isolation)	
Communication protocol	Modbus RTU	
Port connector	EUROCLAMP SH04-5,08 (cable length 5 m)	
Software	DataLoggerTH for Windows (available for download)	
Environment of use	interior or exterior (IP 52)	
Power supply	7 to 32 VDC (without galvanic isolation)	
Compatibility	used with LED displays NDA series, or as stand-alone device	

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## **Dimensional Drawing (mm)**



## **Graphs - Sensirion SHT31 Parameters**



Graph No. 2: Accuracy for relative humidity at 25°C.

# MODBUS Communication Description of Available Registers and Functions THS Sensors v. 2.1

(rev. 1.0)

#### 1. THS Sensor Configuration

The sensor device contains registers, which are divided into groups and are used to store various configuration settings. Functions **Read Holding Registers (0x03)**, **Write Single Register (0x06)**, or **Write Multiple Registers (0x10)** can be used to access these registers. Although each register is 16 bits wide, its LSB (Least Significant Byte) is used only. All values are entered as ASCII characters, except for the Modbus address and offset correction, which are binary. Functions 0x03 and 0x10 support both reading and writing of certain registers, while the address of the first and last registers must be within the valid range.

Read Holding Registers (0x03) / Write Single Register (0x06) / Write Multiple Registers (0x10)							
Address	Description	Valid Values	Default Value	Data Type			
1000	Modbus address	1 – 247	1	uint8_t			
1001	Communication speed	'0' - 1200 Bd '1' - 2400 Bd '2' - 4800 Bd '3' - 9600 Bd '4' - 14400 Bd '5' - 19200 Bd '6' - 38400 Bd '7' - 57600 Bd '8' - 115200 Bd	'5'	ASCII			
1002	Number of data bits	'5' , '6' , '7' , '8'	'8'	ASCII			
1003	Parity	'N', 'O', 'E'	'E'	ASCII			
1004	Number of stop bits	'1', '2'	'1'	ASCII			
1005	CONTROL	0 – 255	0	uint16_t			
1006	Reserved						
1007	Behavior in case of configuration error	'0' – set default settings '1' – use configuration settings	'0'	ASCII			
1008	Type of sensor device element	'1' – SHT21 '2' – DS18B20 '4' – STS21 '5' – SHT31 '6' – STS31	'5'	ASCII			
1009	Communication protocol	'1' – YDN v.1, 9600 '2' – YDN v.2, 19200 '3' – MODBUS '4' – MODBUS TCP	'3'	ASCII			
2000	Correction of temperature in tenths of °C	-99 – 99	0	uint16_t			
2001	Temperature units		'C'	ASCII			
2200	Correction of temperature in tenths of $\ensuremath{\% \text{RH}}$		0	uint16_t			

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#### Notes:

- Writing a new value into register has no influence on device functionality until the application restarted (off/on), or when the corresponding value into the CONTROL register is written (REINIT).
- Communication speed is the speed of application with the configurator as well as the speed of communication with a host, (reading measured values, configuration, version, etc.).
- Application behavior in case of configuration error:
  - ,0' default values will be set, while the application will continue with these default values
  - ,1' application will enter status when communication with configurator will be possible only (configuration protocol) this is indicated with fast blinking of the LED. It is not possible to read measured values (communication with sensor is off).
- Protocol YDN v.2 is essentially the same as YDN, the only difference is in communication parameters, which are fixed to 19200-8-E-1.

#### 2. Reading Firmware Version

Device firmware version is stored in two registers starting from address 5000. These registers can be accessed using function **Read Holding Registers (0x03)**. Data is stored in ASCII format and LSB of the register is used only.

Read Holding Registers (0x03)					
Address	Description	Example	Data Type		
5000	Major version	'2' (0x0032)	ASCII		
5001	Minor version	'1' (0x0031)	ASCII		

#### 3. Reading Measured Values

The measured temperature, relative humidity, or CO2 concentration value are stored in 21 registers starting from address 0. These values are in binary format and can be read with function **Read Holding Registers (0x03)** or **Read Input Registers (0x04)**. If the sensor chip does not support certain measurement, it is disconnected, or there is communication error, returned value will be 9999, which corresponds to 999.9°C, or 999.9 %RH. In case the sensor chip is faulty, the application will try to reinitialize it every 5 seconds.

Read Holding Registers (0x03) / Read Input Registers (0x04)						
Address	Address Description Example Data Type					
0	Measured temperature in tenths of °C or °F (sensor 0)	0x00DF (223) = 22,3 °	int16_t			
10	Measured relative humidity in tenths of % (sensor 0)	0x01C2 (450) = 45,0 %	int16_t			

## 4. Identification of Device

In order to identify the sensor in MODBUS network, THS supports function **Report Slave ID (0x11)**. THS sensor will send message with:

• Device ID, which depends on the actual sensor type used:

0x02 DS18B20 0x06 SHT31 0x07 STS21 0x08 STS31	0x01	SHT21
0x07 STS21	0x02	DS18B20
	0x06	SHT31
0x08 STS31	0x07	STS21
	0x08	STS31

• Indication of running 0xFF, if sensor is functional, or 0x00, if sensor is disconnected or there is communication failure with the sensor.

## 5. CONTROL Register

Address 1005 holds the CONTROL register. It is accessible with functions **Read Holding Registers (0x03)** and **Write Multiple Registers (0x10)** or **Write Single Register (0x06)**. This register is initialized to 0 during startup. Writing into register is protected with password, which is the MSB value of register. LSB is value, which in case of correct password, is written into CONTROL register. CONTROL register stores binary value, while each bit has its assigned unique function.

	Read Holding Registers (0x03) / Write Multiple Registers (0x10)				
Address	Address Description Meaning of bits				
1005	CONTROL register	0 – Loading configuration and initialization (restart of application) 1 – Setting default values 2 7 – Not used			

MSB – ACCESS PASSWORD							
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1

LSB – CONTROL							
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	-	-	-	-	-	DEFLT	REINIT

#### Notes:

• Password for access to register is 0xA5.

- It is advised to use function REINT after making changes in configuration registers, which were performed using one of the accessible Modbus functions. After execution of function it is set to 0.
- Function DEFLT can be used to set default values into the configuration registers. Changes will take affect after application restart (off/on), same as when writing configuration, or after writing corresponding value into CONTROL register (REINIT). In this case, the REINIT function responds at the rate at which the request was triggered. The communication speed will not change until the acknowledgment is sent. When the function is performed its value is set to 0.
- DEFLT and REINIT functions can also be requested at the same time (with one entry into the register).

#### 6. Reset to Default Settings (valid for firmware version 3.2 and up)

If needed, it is possible to recover default settings for UART "19200-8-E-1" and sensor address "1". Perform the following procedure:

- 1. Disconnect the power supply from sensor. (For PoE devices disconnect sensor from LAN.)
- 2. Use jumper to short pins 4 and 6 of the header connector (see picture below).
- 3. Connect the power supply to sensor.
- 4. Depending on what is the desired communication protocol, leave the jumper in position or power applied for the following time period.
  - a. t > 5 seconds.....default settings + MODBUS RTU protocol, green LED turns ON.
  - b. t > 10 seconds...default settings + MODBUS TCP protocol, green LED turns OFF.
- 5. Remove jumper from the header connector!



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